PLS 343 Politics of Sub-Saharan Africa

Week 3, Lecture 2:

Colonialism in Africa—effects of colonialism

Recap

- Early colonization and the Scramble for Africa
- Colonial states:
 - Variation
 - Contending perspectives

Plan for today

- Impacts of colonialism in Africa:
 - Death
 - Extraction
 - Public goods provision
 - Creation of new polities and elites
 - Decentralized despotism and ethnicization
 - •States-system
 - Social norms

Effects of colonialism: death

Congo Free State / Belgian Congo:

• ~ 10 million dead

Herero and Nama genocide in German South West Africa

(—> Namibia)

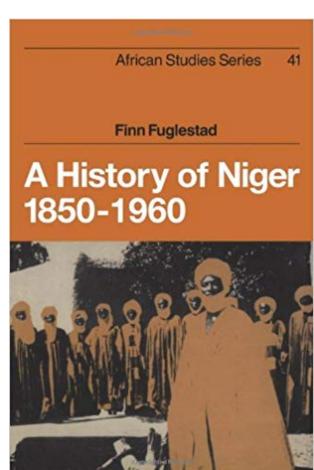


Effects of colonialism: extraction

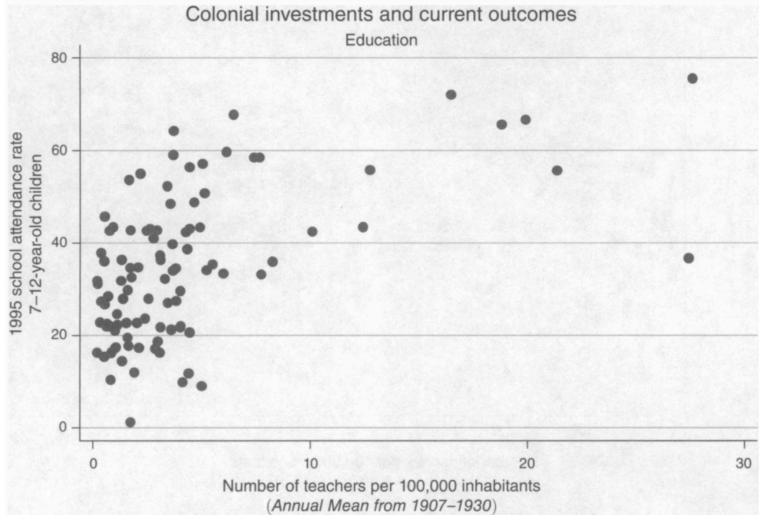
• Finn Fuglestad:

- "The fact that the French were able to squeeze more than a million francs out of the impoverished and hunger-stricken peoples of Niger can only be described as a major performance."
 - Fuglestad, Finn. 2008. *A History of Niger,* 1850-1960. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

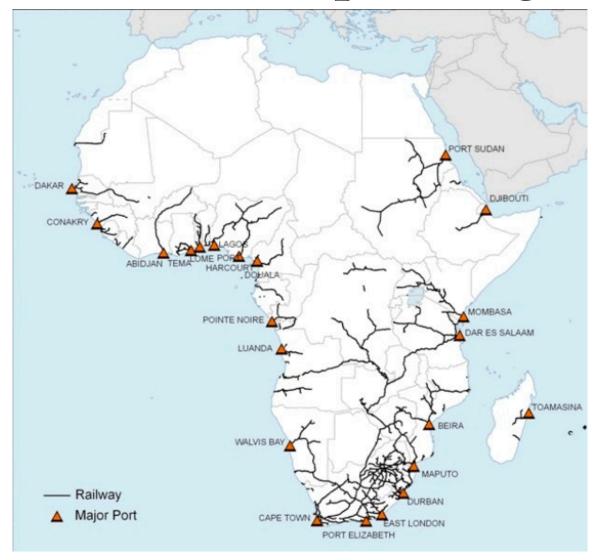




Effects of colonialism: public goods

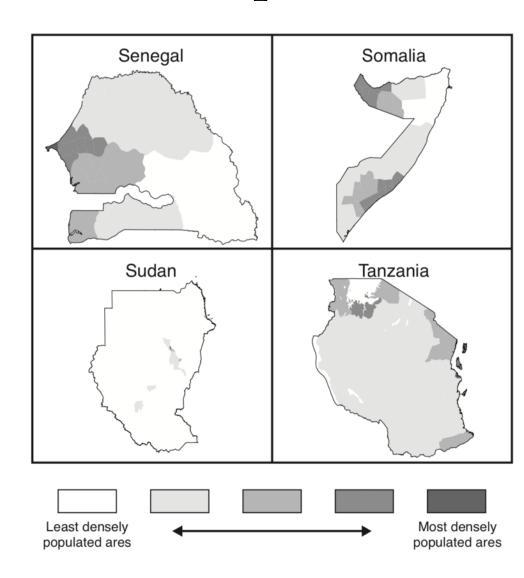


Effects of colonialism: public goods



Effects of colonialism: creation of new polities

- Artificial states and artificial borders:
 - 80% of non-coastal African borders follow latitudinal and longitudinal lines —>
- Communities divided by national borders
- Irredentist movements
- Divided societies and internal ethnic competition
- Lack of resources or market access



Effects of colonialism: creation of new elites

- European:
 - Colonial officials
 - Settlers
- Indigenous:
 - Warrant chiefs in British colonies in Africa
 - 'Bureaucratic bourgeoisie' —>
- Transformation into state elites —>
- Neopatrimonialism

Effects of colonialism: ethnicization

- Mahmood Mamdani:
 - "More than any other colonial subject, the African was containerized, not as a native, but as a tribesperson."
- Terence Ranger: 'invention of tradition'

Effects of colonialism: decentralized despotism

• Mamdani:

- Continuation of decentralized despotism after independence —>
- Ethnicization: rural and urban popular resistance to decentralized despotism inevitably took an ethnic form as 'tribal' political organization —>
- Government response to resistance: either continuation of decentralized despotism or attempt to reform it through centralization, resulting in centralized despotism —>
- No democratization

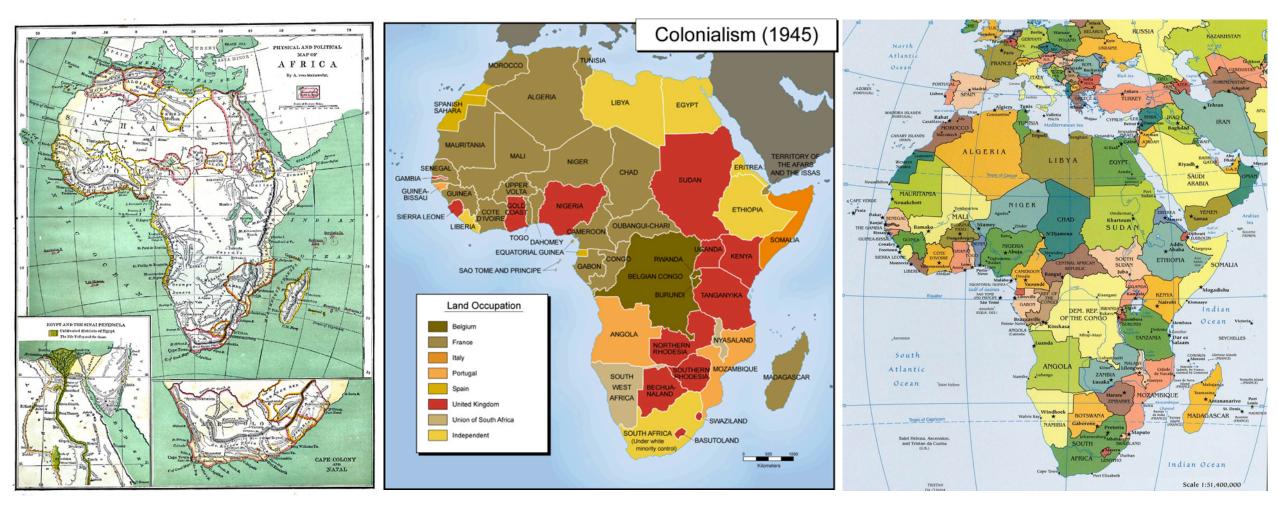
Effects of colonialism: decentralized despotism

- Recent empirical evidence from a natural experiment in Namibia:
 - "[I]ndividuals in indirectly ruled areas are less likely to support democracy and turn out at elections."
 - Mechanism: "the greater influence of traditional leaders in indirectly ruled areas has socialized individuals to accept nonelectoral bases of political authority."
 - Lechler, Marie, and Lachlan McNamee. 2018. "Indirect Colonial Rule Undermines Support for Democracy: Evidence From a Natural Experiment in Namibia." *Comparative Political Studies* 51 (14): 1858–98.

Effects of colonialism: other institutions

- Non-hegemonic states:
 - Concentration of state power in strategic and profitable areas
 - Inability to project state power
- Weak links between the state and society —> weak accountability and legitimacy
- Weak political institutions
- Imposition of 'unambiguous' sovereignty (Herbst)

Effects of colonialism: states-system



https://etc.usf.edu/maps/pages/7300/7338/7338.htm/https://www.worldatlas.com/webimage/countrys/afpoliticallg.htm/http://exploringafrica.matrix.msu.edu/colonial-exploration-and-conquest-in-africa-explore/

Effects of colonialism: social norms

- Divergent attitudes towards homosexuality in precolonial Africa
- Christianity and colonial legislation
- The use of anti-homosexuality legislation and policies (esp. the Anti-Homosexuality Act 2014 in Uganda) by elites to manipulate social anxieties
 - Rao, Rahul. 2015. "Re-membering Mwanga: Same-Sex Intimacy, Memory and Belonging in Postcolonial Uganda." *Journal of Eastern African Studies* 9 (1): 1–19.
 - Sadgrove, Joanna, Robert M. Vanderbeck, Johan Andersson, Gill Valentine, and Kevin Ward. 2012. "Morality Plays and Money Matters: Towards a Situated Understanding of the Politics of Homosexuality in Uganda." *The Journal of Modern African Studies* 50 (01): 103–29.



Takeaways

 Deep imprint of colonialism on Africa's contemporary politics and society